



# Utilizing Advanced Thermoelectrics to Mitigate Methane Emissions at Remote Locations

Abdelallah Ahmed, Engineer  
Gas Technology Institute

HOST ASSOCIATION



PROUDLY SUPPORTED BY



HOST PARTNERS

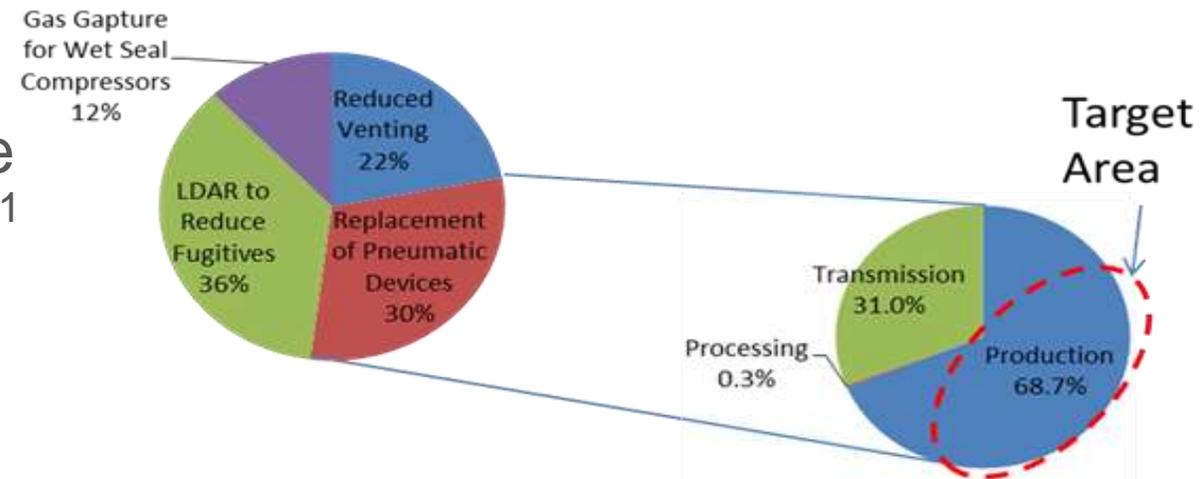


PRINCIPAL SPONSORS



# Problem Statement – Reduce Natural Gas

- Natural gas is working fluid for pneumatic actuators
- Results to 518-826 Gg of methane emissions just in the United States<sup>1</sup>
  - \$110-175M in lost revenue<sup>2</sup>
  - 14500-23100 Gg of equivalent CO2 emissions
- Natural gas production is expected to increase by 40% within the next 10 years



Distribution of Emission Reduction Potential (ICF, 2014)

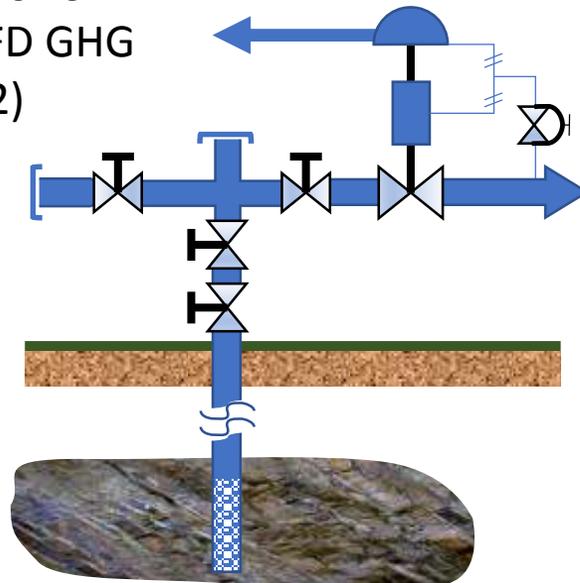
<sup>1</sup>Allen, D. T. *et al.* Methane emissions from process equipment at natural gas production sites in the United States: Pneumatic controllers. *Environ. Sci. Technol.* **49**, 633–640 (2015).

<sup>2</sup>For natural gas price of \$4/MMBtu

# Simple Retrofit to Existing Wellhead Arrangement

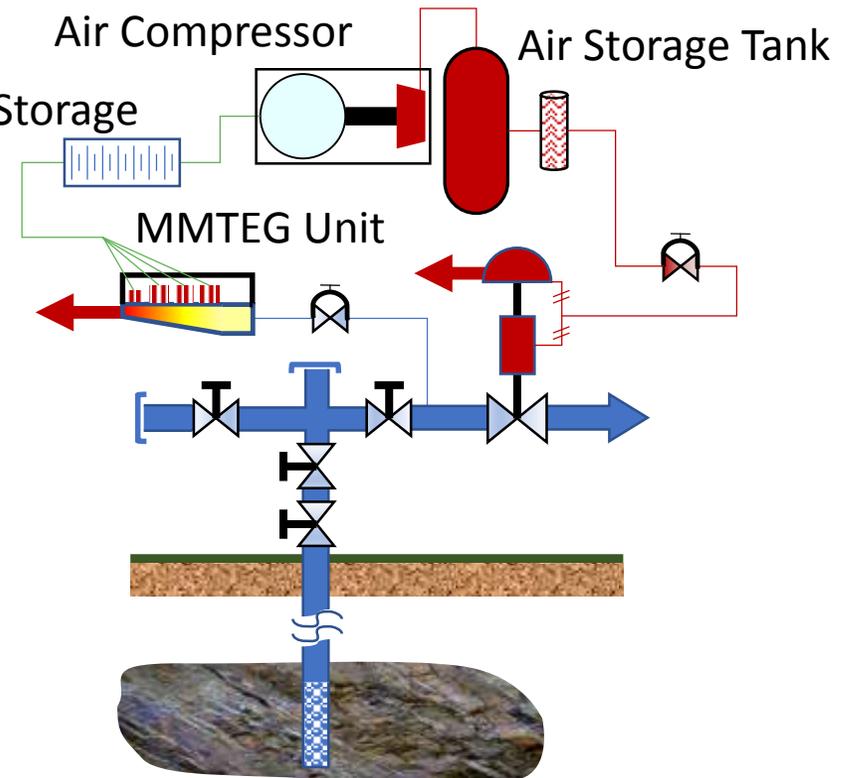
## Current

Actuator Vent  
 252 SCFD of CH<sub>4</sub>  
 (7056 SCFD GHG  
 Equiv CO<sub>2</sub>)



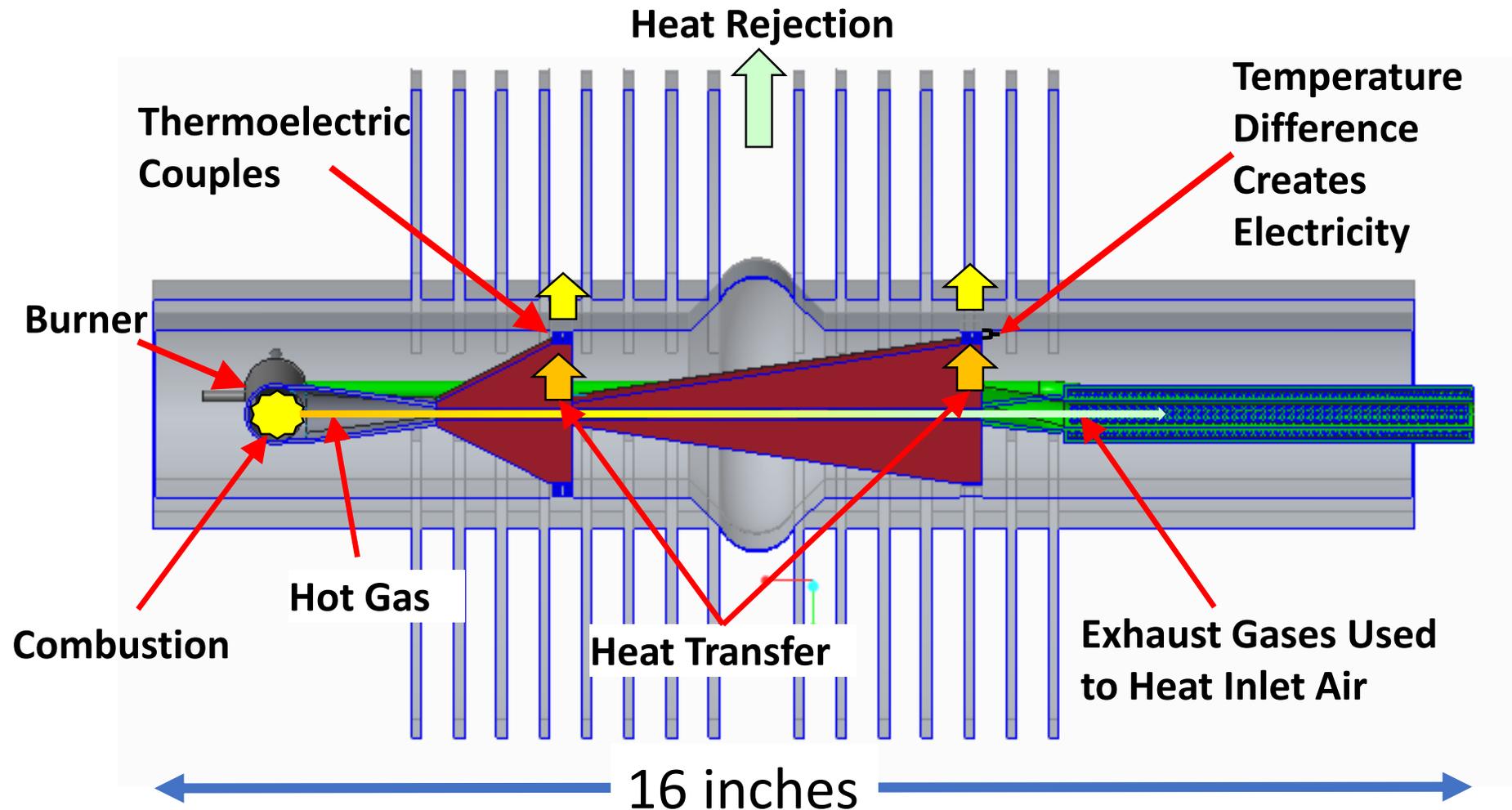
## Future

Burner Vent  
 1.59 SCFD CO<sub>2</sub>  
 Emitted



**Reduces emissions by 1000X & Increases Revenue**

# Integrated MMTEG System Utilizes Heat to Create Electricity



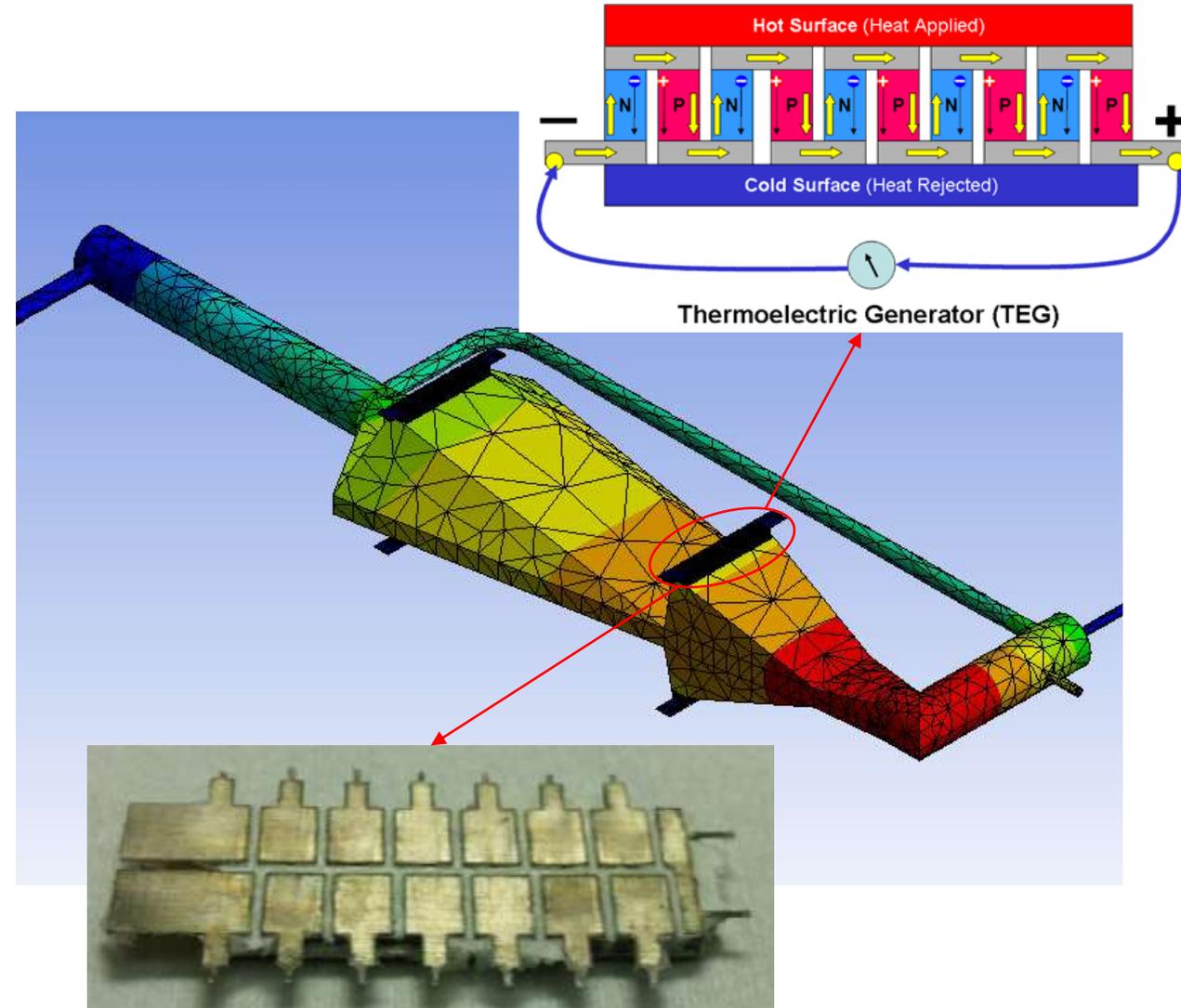
# Full System Model

Finite element analysis:

- Performance of the TEG assembly
- Heat flux and temperature
- Heat loss
- Structural integrity

Results Indicate:

- 24 We produced for 0.025 Kg/hr of NG
- ~4x TEG efficiency vs. SOA
- Exhaust gas heats inlet air – recovers energy



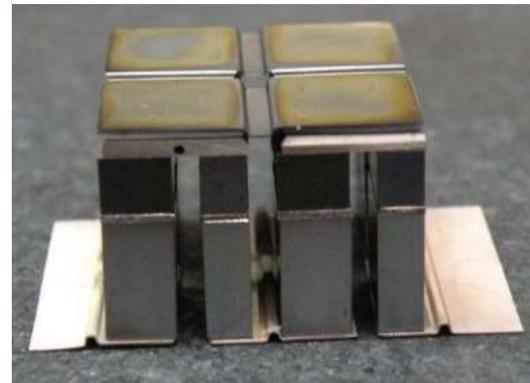
# Test Verifications

- Stable burner demonstrated
- Finite element analysis substantiated through testing
- Data confirms heat flux and heat transfer coefficients agree with analytical values
- Temperatures at hot TEG surface allows maximum efficiency

**Burner Testing**



**Heat Transfer Testing**



**Segmented,  
High Efficiency  
TEG Module**



**Proposed MMTEG  
Wellhead Field Demo Site**

# Performance/Economic Targets

	Technology	System Complexity	Reliability/ Maintainability	GHG % Reduced	Recoverable Revenue %	Capital Cost	TRL	Applicability
	Pneumatic Actuator. Methane Working Fluid		Failure & Wear of Intermittent devices	0%	0%	N/A	9	<b>Current</b>
	Replace working fluid with Instrument Air (IA) via MMTEG system	Uses existing controls	Air Compressor	99.2%	82.7% (15 month Payoff)	Target <\$1.5K	5	<b>BEST</b> Lowest Capital Cost and Highest Recoverable Revenue for mature technology <b>Proposed</b>
<b>Other Candidate Technologies Evaluated</b>								
<b>A</b>	Replace working fluid with IA via Advanced TEG system	Uses existing controls	Air Compressor	99.8%	83.5% 14 month payback	Target <\$1.5K	3	<b>Not Applicable</b> – Does not meet TRL requirement and advanced TEG development cost is greater than available DoE Funding
<b>B</b>	Replace Working Fluid with IA via PV Panel	Added controls are solid state	Intermittency, site security issue-theft	100%	13.3%	\$3K	9	<b>Abandoned</b> by operator due to high incidence of theft
<b>C</b>	Replace working fluid with IA via Bi2Te3 TEG System	<250°C Temp adds complexity	Air Compressor	97.6%	12.8%	3.6K	7	<b>Not Cost Effective.</b> Higher capital cost and lower efficiency reduce recoverable revenue.

**KEY**   ■ - Exceeds Requirement   ■ - Effort Required to Meet Requirement   ■ - Cannot Meet Requirement

**MMTEG Most Attractive Option**

## Summary

- Simple, low-cost and reliable system to eliminate natural gas (NG) emissions from pneumatic control devices
- Efficient, low NO<sub>x</sub> combustor utilizes minor amount of wellhead NG to produce heat
- High efficiency, segmented thermoelectric modules (600°C) convert heat to electricity
- Compressor pressurizes air to operate pneumatics vs methane
- Reduces GHG emissions by 99.8% and unlocks recoverable revenue by reducing methane leakage